" E Jugor C. B. DILDY, M.D. 504 W. 17TH ST AUSTIN 1. TEXAS February 11, 1961 To, Whom It May Concern: Ted Estrada The above was admitted to Seton Hospital on 2-5-61, on account of anderstely severe chest pain and shortness of breath. His admitting diagnosis was 1) adute pleurisy, 2) possible pericarditis. Due to the persistence of the pain daily electrocardiograms were made. The tracing on 2-6-61 showed evidence of definite myocardial ischaemia. These findings have been constant to date and when considered with the increased sedimentation rate a definite interference with the blood supply of the apical portion of the heart is proven. It may be 10-14 days before the electrocardiogram will record myocardial infarction in this area. At present this patient is being treated for ayocardial infarction and will be required to be in bed for the next 3-6 weeks. The emotional impact of the trouble be is in cannot be under-evaluated as the cause for his present physical condition. Sincerely, Charles B. Dildy, M. D. CED/ cms