Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Chapter 298 - Environmental Flow Standards for Surface Water

Page 1

SUBCHAPTER D: COLORADO AND LAVACA RIVERS, AND MATAGORDA AND LAVACA BAYS §\$298.300, 298.305, 298.310, 298.315, 298.320, 298.325, 298.330, 298.335, 298.340 Effective August 30, 2012

§298.300. Applicability and Purpose.

This subchapter contains the environmental flow standards for the Colorado and Lavaca Rivers, and Matagorda and Lavaca Bays. The provisions of this subchapter have control over any provisions of Subchapter A of this chapter (relating to General Provisions) that are inconsistent with this subchapter relating to environmental flow standards and regulation in the Colorado and Lavaca Rivers, and Matagorda and Lavaca Bays.

Adopted August 8, 2012

Effective August 30, 2012

§298.305. Definitions.

The following words or phrases have the following meanings in this subchapter unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

- (1) Annual average inflow--the long-term average annual volume of freshwater inflows at the most downstream point in the Colorado River Basin.
- (2) Annual strategy frequency--the frequencies at which specific levels of freshwater inflows occur and which are used for the sole purpose of providing additional freshwater inflows to Matagorda and Lavaca Bays through voluntary strategies.
- (3) Average condition--for all measurement points, the hydrologic condition that would occur approximately 50% of the time.
- (4) Dry condition--for all measurement points except those measurement points on the Colorado River below Lake Travis, the hydrologic condition that would occur approximately 20% of the time and represents periods when conditions are dry but not severe. For all measurement points on the Colorado River below Lake Travis, the hydrologic condition that would occur approximately 45% of the time and that is intended to represent periods when conditions are drier than average conditions but not severe.

- (5) Fall--for the measurement points on the Colorado River and its tributaries above Lake Travis, the period of time September through October, inclusive, and for all other measurement points, the period of time September through November, inclusive.
- (6) Fall inflow quantity--during any individual calendar year, the maximum freshwater inflow quantity, at the most downstream point in the Lavaca River Basin and at the most downstream point on Garcitas Creek in the Lavaca-Guadalupe Coastal Basin, occurring during any period of three consecutive months beginning in the months of August, September, or October.
- (7) Fall season quantity--the maximum freshwater inflow quantity, at the most downstream point in the Colorado River Basin, occurring during any three consecutive months during the period from August through December, inclusive.
- (8) Intervening inflow quantity--the quantity of freshwater inflows, at the most downstream point in the Lavaca River Basin and at the most downstream point on Garcitas Creek in the Lavaca-Guadalupe Coastal Basin, occurring during the remaining six months of the calendar year, that were not included in the Fall Inflow or Spring Inflow for that calendar year.
- (9) Intervening season quantity--the quantity of freshwater inflows, at the most downstream point in the Colorado River Basin, occurring during the six months of the calendar year that are not counted towards the fall season quantity or the spring season quantity for that year.
- (10) Inflow regime level--one of the annual freshwater inflow patterns, at the most downstream point in the Colorado River Basin for Matagorda Bay, that includes a spring season quantity, a fall season quantity, and an intervening season quantity as described in Figure: 30 TAC §298.330(a)(2) of this title (relating to Environmental Flow Standards), or at the most downstream point in the Lavaca River Basin and the most downstream point on Garcitas Creek in the Lavaca-Guadalupe Coastal Basin for Lavaca Bay, that includes a spring inflow quantity, a fall inflow quantity, and an intervening inflow quantity as described in Figure 30: TAC §298.330(c) of this title.
- (11) Long-Term annual strategy quantity--the annual average volume of freshwater inflows, which is used for the sole purpose of providing additional freshwater inflows to Matagorda Bay through voluntary strategies.
- (12) Modeled annual frequency--the frequency at which specific levels of freshwater inflows occur in the commission's water availability models for the Colorado

and Lavaca river basins and the Colorado-Lavaca and Lavaca-Guadalupe coastal basins at the time the first water right application subject to this subchapter is processed.

- (13) Monthly threshold inflow--the total volume of freshwater inflows, at the most downstream point in the Colorado River Basin, in any calendar month.
- (14) Severe condition--for all measurement points, the hydrologic condition that would occur approximately 5% of the time and that is intended to represent the driest periods.
 - (15) Spring--the period of time March through June, inclusive.
- (16) Spring inflow quantity--during any individual calendar year, the maximum freshwater inflow quantity, at the most downstream point in the Lavaca River Basin and at the most downstream point on Garcitas Creek in the Lavaca-Guadalupe Coastal Basin, occurring during any period of three consecutive months beginning in the months of February, March, April, or May.
- (17) Spring season quantity--during any individual calendar year, the maximum freshwater inflow quantity, at the most downstream point in the Colorado River Basin, occurring during any three consecutive months during the period from January through July, inclusive.
- (18) Sound ecological environment--characterized by flow regimes that support existing biological communities in rivers, riparian, bay, and estuary habitats.
 - (19) Summer--the period of time July through August, inclusive.
- (20) Wet condition--for all measurement points except those measurement points on the Colorado River below Lake Travis, the hydrologic condition that would occur approximately 25% of the time and that is intended to represent the wettest conditions.
- (21) Winter--for the measurement points on the Colorado River above Lake Travis, the period of time November through February, inclusive, and for all other measurement points, the period of time December through February, inclusive.

Adopted August 8, 2012

Effective August 30, 2012

§298.310. Findings.

(a) The Colorado and Lavaca Rivers and their associated tributaries and Matagorda and Lavaca Bays and their associated estuaries are healthy and sound

ecological environments.

- (b) For the Colorado and Lavaca Rivers, and their associated tributaries, the commission finds that these sound ecological environments can best be maintained by a set of flow standards that implement a schedule of flow quantities that contain subsistence flow, base flow, and high flow pulses at defined measurement points. Minimum flow levels for these components will vary by season and by year since the amount of precipitation and, therefore, whether a system is in subsistence or base flow conditions, will vary from year to year and within a year from season to season, and the number of pulses protected will also vary with the amount of precipitation.
- (c) For Matagorda and Lavaca Bays, the commission finds that the sound ecological environment of Matagorda and Lavaca Bays can best be maintained by a set of freshwater inflow standards that include variable freshwater inflow quantities and that incorporate inflow and frequency targets at which specific levels of freshwater inflows occur, which are used for the sole purpose of providing additional freshwater inflows to Matagorda and Lavaca Bays through voluntary strategies.
- (d) For East Matagorda Bay, the commission does not adopt environmental flow standards but finds that the sound ecological environment of East Matagorda Bay can be maintained by avoiding further reduction of freshwater inflows, to the extent those reductions can be avoided, and that strategies to provide additional freshwater inflows to East Matagorda Bay should be pursued.

Adopted August 8, 2012

Effective August 30, 2012

§298.315. Set-Asides and Standards Priority Date.

The priority date for the environmental flow standards and set-asides established by this subchapter is March 1, 2011. The priority date for the environmental flow standards will be used in the water availability determination for a new appropriation or for an amendment to an existing water right that increases the amount of water authorized to be stored, taken, or diverted, and has no other purpose

Adopted August 8, 2012

Effective August 30, 2012

§298.320. Calculation of Hydrologic Conditions.

(a) For new water right authorizations which increase the amount of water authorized to be stored, taken, or diverted as described in §298.10 of this title (relating to Applicability), the determination of the hydrologic condition for a particular season shall be determined once per season. The conditions present on the last day of the month of the preceding season will determine the hydrologic condition for the following

season. For each measurement point specified in this section, either cumulative streamflow for the previous 12 months, combined storage in major reservoirs, or reservoir elevation will determine the hydrologic condition, as described in subsections (b) - (d) of this section.

(b) For measurement points located on the Colorado River above Lake Travis and tributaries of the Colorado River, and in the Colorado-Lavaca and the Lavaca-Guadalupe Coastal Basins, cumulative streamflow for the preceding 12 months and the corresponding hydrologic conditions are:

Cumulative Streamflow for Calculating Hydrologic Conditions for Measurement Points on the Colorado River above Lake Travis and tributaries of the Colorado River, and in the Colorado-Lavaca and the Lavaca-Guadalupe Coastal Basins

| | | Cumulative Streamflow (acre-feet) | | | | |
|----------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|
| BASIN | MEASUREMENT POINT | SEVERE | DRY | AVERAGE | WET | |
| COLORADO | Colorado River above Silver | less than 4,090 | 4,090 - 16,600 | 16,600 - 57,490 | greater than 57,490 | |
| COLORADO | Colorado River near Ballinger | less than 3,120 | 3,120 - 11,150 | 11,150 - 67,700 | greater than 67,700 | |
| COLORADO | Elm Creek at Ballinger | less than 820 | 820 - 4,990 | 4,990 - 46,560 | greater than 46,560 | |
| COLORADO | South Concho River at Christoval | less than 5,270 | 5,270 - 7,380 | 7,380 - 21,660 | greater than 21,660 | |
| COLORADO | Concho River at Paint Rock | less than 7,110 | 7,110 - 17,000 | 17,000 - 49,900 | greater than 49,900 | |
| COLORADO | Pecan Bayou near Mullin | less than 11,860 | 11,860 - 26,700 | 26,700 - 187,740 | greater than 187,740 | |

| COLORADO | San Saba River at San | less than | 40,550 - | 61,100 - | greater than |
|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| | Saba | 40,550 | 61,100 | 149,890 | 149,890 |
| COLORADO | Colorado River near | less than | 80,510 - | 205,110 - | greater than |
| | San Saba | 80,510 | 205,110 | 568,970 | 568,970 |
| COLORADO | Llano River at Llano | less than 90,810 | 90,810 - 145,660 | 145,660 - 364,540 | greater than 364,540 |
| COLORADO | Pedernales River near | less than | 27,710 - | 70,210 - | greater than |
| | Johnson City | 27,710 | 70,210 | 222,700 | 222,700 |
| COLORADO | Onion Creek near Driftwood | less than 810 | 810 - 10,460 | 10,460 - 59,610 | greater than 59,610 |
| COLORADO- LAVACA | Tres Palacios Creek | less than | 31,940 - | 62,920 - | greater than |
| | near Midfield | 31,940 | 62,920 | 158,630 | 158,630 |
| LAVACA-GUADALUPE | Garcitas Creek near | less than | 1,880 - | 10,790 - | greater than |
| | Inez | 1,880 | 10,790 | 62,460 | 62,460 |

(c) For measurement points located on the Colorado River below Lake Travis, the combined reservoir storage in Lakes Travis and Buchanan and the corresponding hydrologic conditions are:

Combined Reservoir Storage for Calculating Hydrologic Conditions for Measurement Points on the Colorado River below Lake Travis

| | | Combined Reservoir Storage in Lakes Travis and Buchanan (acre-feet) | | | | | |
|-------|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | MEASUREMENT | | | | | | |
| BASIN | POINTS | SEVERE DRY AVERAGE | | | | | |

| COLORADO | Colorado River at Bastrop, Colorado River at Columbus, Colorado River at Wharton | less than 1,103,700 | 1,103,700 - 1,737,460 | greater than 1,737,460 |
|----------|--|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
|----------|--|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|

(d) For measurement points located in the Lavaca River Basin, the reservoir elevation of Lake Texana and the corresponding hydrologic conditions are:

Reservoir Elevation for Calculating Hydrologic Conditions for Measurement Points in the Lavaca River Basin

| | | Reservo | ir Elevation of | Lake Texana | (msl) |
|--------|--|--------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| BASIN | MEASUREMENT POINTS | SEVERE | DRY | AVERAGE | WET |
| LAVACA | West Mustang Creek near Ganado, East Mustang Creek near Louise, Navidad River near Edna, Sandy Creek near Ganado, Lavaca River near Edna | less than 39.95 | 39.95 - 43.00 | 43.00 - 44.00 | greater than 44.00 |

msl = mean sea level

- (e) For purposes of water availability determinations, for measurement points on the Colorado River above Lake Travis and tributaries of the Colorado River, and in the Lavaca River Basin and the Colorado-Lavaca and Lavaca-Guadalupe Coastal Basins, hydrologic conditions used in the commission's water availability models shall be calculated such that severe conditions occur approximately 5% of the time, dry conditions occur approximately 20% of the time, average conditions occur approximately 55% of the time.
- (f) For purposes of water availability determinations, for measurement points on the Colorado River below Lake Travis, hydrologic conditions used in the commission's water availability models shall be calculated such that severe conditions occur approximately 5% of the time, dry conditions occur approximately 45% of the time, and average conditions occur approximately 50% of the time.
- (g) The hydrologic condition indicators set out in subsections (b) (d) of this section govern the operations of permits subject to this subchapter during the initial $\frac{1}{2}$

period, of not longer than ten years, until the environmental flow standards in this subchapter are reevaluated. Those indicators were calculated to achieve compliance with the percentages of time stated in subsections (e) and (f) of this section. The hydrologic condition indicators set out in subsections (b) - (d) of this section will be recalculated, no less frequently than once every ten years, in order to achieve, to the greatest extent possible, compliance with the percentages of time stated in subsections (e) and (f) of this section.

Adopted August 8, 2012

Effective August 30, 2012

§298.325. Schedule of Flow Quantities.

- (a) Schedule of flow quantities. The environmental flow standards adopted by this subchapter constitute a schedule of flow quantities made up of subsistence flow, base flow, and high flow pulses. Environmental flow standards are established at 21 separate measurement locations in §298.330 of this title (relating to Environmental Flow Standards).
- (b) Subsistence flow. The applicable subsistence flow standard varies depending on the seasons as described in §298.305 of this title (relating to Definitions). For a water right holder to which an environmental flow standard applies, at a measurement point that applies to the water right, the water right holder may not store or divert water under severe hydrologic conditions, unless the flow at the measurement point is above the applicable subsistence flow standard for that point. During severe hydrologic conditions, if the flow at the measurement point is above the subsistence flow standard but below the applicable dry condition base flow standard, then the water right holder may divert or store water according to its permit, subject to senior and superior water rights, as long as the flow at the measurement point does not fall below the applicable subsistence flow standard.
- (c) Base flow. The applicable base flow level varies depending on the seasons as described in §298.305 of this title and the hydrologic condition described in §298.320 of this title (relating to Calculation of Hydrologic Conditions). For a water right holder to which an environmental flow standard applies, at a measurement point that applies to the water right, the water right holder is subject to the base flow standard for the hydrologic condition prevailing at that time. For all measurement points except those on the Colorado River below Lake Travis, the water right will be subject to one of the following: a dry, an average, or a wet base flow standard. For all measurement points on the Colorado River below Lake Travis, the water right will be subject to either a dry or an average base flow standard. For all measurement points, the dry base flow standard applies during severe hydrologic conditions. For a water right holder to which an environmental flow standard applies, at a measurement point that applies to the water right, when the flow at the applicable measurement point is above the applicable base

flow standard, but below any applicable high flow pulse levels, the water right holder may store or divert water according to its permit, subject to senior and superior water rights, as long as the flow at the applicable measurement point does not fall below the applicable base flow standard for that hydrologic condition.

- (d) High flow pulses. High flow pulses are relatively short-duration, high flows within the watercourse that occur during or immediately following a storm event.
- (1) For measurement points on the Colorado River below Lake Travis, two pulses per season, one pulse per 18 months, and one pulse per two years are to be passed (i.e., no storage or diversion by an applicable water right holder), if applicable, and as described in §298.330 of this title, if streamflows are above the applicable subsistence or base flow standard, and if the applicable high flow pulse trigger level is met at the applicable measurement point. The water right holder shall not divert or store water until the daily average flow at the applicable measurement point equals at least the high flow pulse trigger level on consecutive days equaling the duration time except during times that streamflow at the applicable measurement point exceeds the applicable high flow pulse trigger level.
- (2) For measurement points on the Colorado River above Lake Travis, tributaries of the Colorado River, and in the Lavaca River Basin and the Colorado-Lavaca and Lavaca-Guadalupe Coastal Basins, one or two pulses per season and one pulse per year are to be passed (i.e., no storage or diversion by an applicable water right holder), if applicable, and as described in §298.330 of this title, if streamflows are above the applicable subsistence or base flow standard, and if the applicable high flow pulse trigger level is met at the applicable measurement point. The water right holder shall not divert or store water until either the applicable volume amount has passed the applicable measurement point or the duration time has passed since the high flow pulse trigger level occurred except during times that streamflow at the applicable measurement point exceeds the applicable high flow pulse trigger level.
- (3) If the applicable high flow pulse trigger level does not occur in a season, then the water right holder need not stop storing or diverting water to produce a high flow pulse. The water right holder is not required to release water lawfully stored to produce a high flow pulse.
- (4) Each season is independent of the preceding and subsequent seasons with respect to high flow pulse frequency.
- $\,$ (5) High flow pulses are independent of the hydrologic conditions set out in §298.320 of this title.

- (6) If a high flow pulse requirement for a one-per-season pulse is satisfied for a particular season, one of the two-per-season pulse requirements is also considered to be satisfied. When a pulse flow requirement for an annual pulse is satisfied in a particular season, the one-per-season pulse requirement and one of the two-per-season pulse requirements are also considered to be satisfied.
- (e) Stored water. A water right owner that has stored water in accordance with the terms and conditions of its water right, including any applicable environmental flow requirement in effect at the time the water was stored, may divert, release, or use this water, even if the applicable environmental flow requirement is not met at the time of the subsequent diversion, release, or use of that stored water.

Adopted August 8, 2012

Effective August 30, 2012

§298.330. Environmental Flow Standards.

- (a) A water right application in the Colorado River Basin which increases the amount of water authorized to be stored, taken or diverted as described in §298.10 of this title (relating to Applicability) shall not cause or contribute to an impairment of the inflow regimes as described in the figure in this subsection. Impairment of the inflow regime shall be evaluated as part of the water availability determination for a new water right or amendment that is subject to this subchapter. For purposes of this subsection, impairment would occur if the application, when considered in combination with any authorizations subject to this subchapter, which were issued prior to this application, would:
- (1) decrease the annual average freshwater inflow, at the most downstream point in the Colorado River Basin, below 60% of the long-term annual strategy quantity listed in Figure: 30 TAC §298.330(a)(2);
 - (2) decrease the modeled annual frequency of any inflow regime; or,

Bay and Estuary Freshwater Inflow Standards for Matagorda Bay Inflows from the Colorado River Basin

| Inflow Regime | Monthly Minimum Quantity (af) | Spring Season Quantity (af) | Fall Season Quantity (af) | Intervening Season Quantity (af) | Long-Term Annual Strategy Quantity (af) | Annual Strategy Frequency |
|------------------|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|
| Monthly | 15,000 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 100% |
| Threshold | | | | | | |
| Inflow | | | | | | |
| Level 1 | N/A | 114,000 | 81,000 | 105,000 | N/A | 90% |

| Level 2 | N/A | 168,700 | 119,900 | 155,400 | N/A | 75% |
|---------|-----|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----|
| Level 3 | N/A | 246,200 | 175,000 | 226,800 | N/A | 60% |
| Level 4 | N/A | 433,200 | 307,800 | 399,000 | N/A | 35% |
| Annual | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 1,400,000 | N/A |
| Average | | | | | | |

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

- (3) decrease the monthly inflow quantity to Matagorda Bay below 15,000 acre-feet per month.
- (b) To the extent that strategies are implemented through a water right permit or amendment to help meet the freshwater inflow standards for Matagorda Bay, a water right application in the Colorado River Basin which increases the amount of water authorized to be stored, taken, or diverted as described in §298.10 of this title shall not reduce the long-term annual strategy quantity, the modeled annual frequency, or the monthly threshold inflow for any inflow regime level listed in Figure: 30 TAC §298.330(a)(2) below the long term annual strategy quantity, modeled annual frequency, or the monthly threshold inflow that would occur in the commission's water availability model with the permitted strategy or strategies in place.
- (c) A water right application in the Lavaca River basin, or Garcitas Creek located in the Lavaca-Guadalupe Coastal Basin, which increases the amount of water authorized to be stored, taken or diverted as described in §298.10 of this title, shall not cause or contribute to an impairment of the inflow regimes as described in the figure in this subsection. Impairment of the inflow regime shall be evaluated as part of the water availability determination for a new water right or amendment that is subject to this subchapter. For purposes of this subsection, impairment would occur if the application, when considered in combination with any prior authorizations subject to this subchapter, would decrease the modeled annual frequency of any inflow regime level.

Bay and Estuary Freshwater Inflow Standards for the Lavaca Bay System

| Inflow Regime | Spring Inflow Quantity (af) | Fall Inflow Quantity (af) | Intervening Inflow Quantity (af) | Annual Strategy Frequency |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Subsistence | 13,500 | 9,600 | 6,900 | 96% |
| Base Dry | 55,080 | 39,168 | 28,152 | 82% |
| Base Average | 127,980 | 91,080 | 65,412 | 46% |
| Base Wet | 223,650 | 158,976 | 114,264 | 28% |

af=acre feet

- (d) To the extent that strategies are implemented through a water right permit or amendment to help meet the freshwater inflow standards for Lavaca Bay, a water right application in the Lavaca River Basin, or on Garcitas Creek in the Lavaca-Guadalupe Coastal Basin, which increases the amount of water authorized to be stored, taken, or diverted as described in §298.10 of this title, shall not reduce the modeled annual frequency in the commission's water availability model for any inflow regime level described in Figure: 30 TAC §298.330(c) below the frequency that would occur with the permitted strategy or strategies in place.
- (e) The following environmental flow standards are established for the following described measurement points:
- (1) Colorado River above Silver, Texas, generally described as United States Geological Survey (USGS) gage 08123850, and more specifically described as Latitude 32 degrees, 03 minutes, 13 seconds; Longitude 100 degrees, 45 minutes, 42 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08123850, Colorado River above Silver

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|--------|---|---|---|
| Winter | Severe | 1 cfs | 2 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: 42 | |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 2 cfs | 18 cfs Volume: 120 | cfs Volume: | |
| Winter | Average | N/A | 4 cfs | af Duration: 13 | 300 af Duration: | Trigger: 3,000 cfs Volume: 13,600 af Duration: 17 days |
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 7 cfs | days | 15 days | |
| Spring | Severe | 1 cfs | 2 cfs | Trigger: 600 | 1,800 cfs Volume: 7,900 af | |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 2 cfs | Volume: | | |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 5 cfs | 2,500 af Duration: 9 | | |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 12 cfs | days | | |
| Summer | Severe | 1 cfs | 1 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 1 cfs | Volume: 350 af Duration: 330 cfs Volume: 1,400 af | 330 cfs | |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 3 cfs | | 1,400 af Duration: 9 | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 8 cfs | | | |

| Fall | Severe | 1 cfs | 1 cfs | Trigger: 100 | Trigger: 430 cfs | |
|------|---------|-------|--------|-------------------|---------------------|--|
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 1 cfs | Volume: 400 | Volume: 1,800 af | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 4 cfs | at Duration: 6 | Duration: 9 | |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 10 cfs | days | days | |

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(2) Colorado River near Ballinger, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08126380, and more specifically described as Latitude 31 degrees, 42 minutes, 55 seconds; Longitude 100 degrees, 01 minutes, 34 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08126380, Colorado River near Ballinger

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsiste nce | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-----------------|--------|---|---|---|
| Winter | Severe | 1 cfs | 4 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: 96 | |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 4 cfs | 27 cfs Volume: 180 | cfs Volume: | |
| Winter | Average | N/A | 9 cfs | af Duration: 11 | 660 af Duration: | |
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 14 cfs | days | 17 days | |
| Spring | Severe | 1 cfs | 3 cfs | Trigger: 1,300 cfs | Trigger: 3,200 cfs | Trigger: 3,200 cfs Volume: 13,700 af Duration: 10 days |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 3 cfs | Volume: 5,300 af | Volume: | |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 9 cfs | Duration: 9 | 13,700 af Duration: 10 days | |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 19 cfs | days | | |
| Summer | Severe | 1 cfs | 2 cfs | Trigger: 130 cfs | Trigger: | |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 2 cfs | Volume: 490 | 630 cfs Volume: | |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 6 cfs | af Duration: 6 days 2,600 af Duration: days | 2,600 af Duration: 9 | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 14 cfs | | | |
| Fall | Severe | 1 cfs | 4 cfs | Trigger: 250 | Trigger: | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 4 cfs | cfs Volume: 950 | 1,500 cfs Volume: | |

| Fall | Average | N/A | 9 cfs | af Duration: | 5,700 af Duration: | |
|------|---------|-----|--------|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 17 cfs | 8 days | 10 days | |

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(3) Colorado River near San Saba, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08147000, and more specifically described as Latitude 31 degrees, 13 minutes, 04 seconds; Longitude 98 degrees, 33 minutes, 51 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08147000, Colorado River near San Saba

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|---------|---|---|--|
| Winter | Severe | 50 cfs | 95 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 95 cfs | 520 cfs Volume: | 1,600 cfs Volume: | |
| Winter | Average | N/A | 150 cfs | 3,100 af Duration: | 11,100 af Duration: | |
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 210 cfs | 9 days | 15 days | |
| Spring | Severe | 50 cfs | 120 cfs | Trigger: 5,800 cfs | Trigger: 11,000 cfs Volume: | Trigger: 18,900 cfs Volume: 129,100 af Duration: 23 days |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 120 cfs | Volume: | | |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 190 cfs | 31,300 af 70,200 af Duration: | Duration: | |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 360 cfs | days | 13 days | |
| Summer | Severe | 30 cfs | 72 cfs | Trigger: - 510 cfs | Trigger: | |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 72 cfs | Volume: | 1,400 cfs Volume: | |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 120 cfs | 1,900 af Duration: 4 days Volume: 6,500 af Duration: 7 days | | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 210 cfs | | days | |
| Fall | Severe | 30 cfs | 95 cfs | Trigger: 890 | Trigger: | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 95 cfs | - cfs Volume: 3,800 cfs Volume: 19,200 af Duration: Duration: | Volume: | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 150 cfs | | · · | |

| Fall Wet N/A 210 c | 6 days 12 days |
|--------------------|----------------|
|--------------------|----------------|

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(4) Elm Creek at Ballinger, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08127000, and more specifically described as Latitude 31 degrees, 44 minutes, 57 seconds; Longitude 99 degrees, 56 minutes, 51 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08127000, Elm Creek at Ballinger

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|-------|---|---|----------------------------------|
| Winter | Severe | 1 cfs | 1 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: 40 | |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 1 cfs | 10 cfs Volume: | cfs Volume: | |
| Winter | Average | N/A | 1 cfs | 71 af Duration: | 270 af Duration: 1 | |
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 4 cfs | 10 days | day | |
| Spring | Severe | 1 cfs | 1 cfs | Trigger: 380 | Trigger: | Trigger: 1,900 cfs Volume: |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 1 cfs | Volume: | | |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 1 cfs | Duration: 10 Du | 3,800 af Duration: | |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 5 cfs | days | 12 days | |
| Summer | Severe | 1 cfs | 1 cfs | Trigger: 6 cfs | Trigger: 74 | 7,200 af Duration: |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 1 cfs | Volume: | Volume: 300 af | 18 days |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 1 cfs | Duration: | Duration: 9 days | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 1 cfs | 6 days | uuys | |
| Fall | Severe | 1 cfs | 1 cfs | Trigger: 10 cfs | Trigger: 190 cfs | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 1 cfs | Volume: | Volume: | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 1 cfs | 46 af Duration: | 850 af Duration: | |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 1 cfs | 9 days | 15 days | |

cfs = cubic feet per second af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(5) Concho River at Paint Rock, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08136500, and more specifically described as Latitude 31 degrees, 30 minutes, 57 seconds; Longitude 99 degrees, 55 minutes, 09 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08136500, Concho River at Paint Rock

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|--------|---|---|----------------------------------|
| Winter | Severe | 1 cfs | 8 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 8 cfs | 61 cfs Volume: | 160 cfs Volume: | |
| Winter | Average | N/A | 20 cfs | 400 af Duration: | 1,200 af Duration: | |
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 36 cfs | 10 days | 16 days | |
| Spring | Severe | 1 cfs | 4 cfs | Trigger: 500 | Trigger: 1,400 cfs | |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 4 cfs | Volume: | Volume: 5,700 af Duration: | Trigger: 3,000 cfs Volume: |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 14 cfs | | | |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 27 cfs | 8 days | 11 days | |
| Summer | Severe | 1 cfs | 1 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: 110 | 13,500 af Duration: |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 1 cfs | Volume: | cfs Volume: | 19 days |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 4 cfs | Duration: | 520 af Duration: 8 | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 12 cfs | 6 days | days | |
| Fall | Severe | 1 cfs | 5 cfs | Trigger: - 74 cfs | Trigger: 300 cfs | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 5 cfs | Volume: - 330 af Duration: - 7 days - 74 crs Volume: 1,300 cfs Volume: 1,300 af Duration: 10 days | | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 16 cfs | | | |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 29 cfs | | | |

cfs = cubic feet per second

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(6) South Concho River at Christoval, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08128000, and more specifically described as Latitude 31 degrees, 11 minutes, 13 seconds; Longitude 100 degrees, 30 minutes, 06 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08128000, South Concho River at Christoval

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|--------|---|---|---|
| Winter | Severe | 2 cfs | 9 cfs | | | |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 9 cfs | N/A N/A | NI/A | |
| Winter | Average | N/A | 15 cfs | IN/A | IN/A | |
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 22 cfs | | | |
| Spring | Severe | 3 cfs | 9 cfs | | N/A | Trigger: 420 cfs Volume: 1,400 af Duration: |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 9 cfs | NI /A | | |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 15 cfs | N/A | | |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 22 cfs | | | |
| Summer | Severe | 2 cfs | 7 cfs | | | |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 7 cfs | N/A | N/A | 9 days |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 12 cfs | IN/A | IN/A | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 22 cfs | | | |
| Fall | Severe | 2 cfs | 7 cfs | | Trigger: 45 | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 7 cfs | Volume: | Volume: | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 12 cfs | N/A | 190 af Duration: 7 | |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 22 cfs | | days | |

cfs = cubic feet per second

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(7) Pecan Bayou near Mullin, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08143600, and more specifically described as Latitude 31 degrees, 31 minutes, 02 seconds; Longitude 98 degrees, 44 minutes, 25 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08143600, Pecan Bayou near Mullin

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|--------|---|---|---|
| Winter | Severe | 1 cfs | 3 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 3 cfs | 52 cfs Volume: | 250 cfs Volume: | |
| Winter | Average | N/A | 7 cfs | 230 af Duration: | 1,500 af Duration: | |
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 12 cfs | 7 days | 14 days | |
| Spring | Severe | 1 cfs | 3 cfs | Trigger: | 0 cfs 2,100 cfs Volume: 3,200 af Duration: | Trigger: 3,500 cfs Volume: 25,800 af Duration: 26 days |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 3 cfs | Volume: | | |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 9 cfs | Duration: | | |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 19 cfs | 10 days | 17 days | |
| Summer | Severe | 1 cfs | 2 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 2 cfs | Volume: | 100 cfs Volume: | |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 4 cfs | 73 af Duration: | 440 af Duration: 7 | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 8 cfs | 4 days | days days | |
| Fall | Severe | 1 cfs | 3 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 3 cfs | - 36 cfs Volume: Volume: - 110 af 1,200 af Duration: 9 - 3 days days | | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 7 cfs | | | |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 12 cfs | | | |

cfs = cubic feet per second

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(8) San Saba River at San Saba, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08146000, and more specifically described as Latitude 31 degrees, 12 minutes, 47 seconds; Longitude 98 degrees, 43 minutes, 09 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08146000, San Saba River at San Saba

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|---------|--|---|---|
| Winter | Severe | 29 cfs | 56 cfs | Trigger: | gger: Trigger: | |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 56 cfs | 150 cfs Volume: | 330 cfs Volume: | |
| Winter | Average | N/A | 81 cfs | 980 af Duration: | 2,300 af Duration: | |
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 110 cfs | 14 days | 18 days | |
| Spring | Severe | 22 cfs | 56 cfs | Trigger: | 0 cfs 2,000 cfs Volume: 9,200 af Duration: | Trigger: 5,500 cfs Volume: 27,400 af Duration: 21 days |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 56 cfs | Volume: | | |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 81 cfs | Duration: | | |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 110 cfs | 9 days | 12 days | |
| Summer | Severe | 3 cfs | 32 cfs | | Trigger: | |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 32 cfs | N/A | 210 cfs Volume: | |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 46 cfs | | 1,100 af Duration: 9 | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 62 cfs | | days | |
| Fall | Severe | 13 cfs | 40 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 40 cfs | - 150 cfs Volume: Volume: - 600 af 2,300 af Duration: - 8 days Duration: - 200 cfs Volume: - 2,300 af Duration: - 12 days | | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 64 cfs | | Duration: | |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 87 cfs | | 12 days | |

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(9) Llano River at Llano, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08151500, and more specifically described as Latitude 30 degrees, 45 minutes, 04 seconds; Longitude 98 degrees, 40 minutes, 10 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08151500, Llano River at Llano

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse | Large Seasonal Pulse | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|

| | | | | (2 per season) | (1 per season) | |
|--------|---------|--------|---------|--|---|------------------------|
| Winter | Severe | 44 cfs | 100 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 100 cfs | 390 cfs Volume: | 1,100 cfs Volume: | |
| Winter | Average | N/A | 150 cfs | 2,500 af Duration: | 6,800 af Duration: | |
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 190 cfs | 13 days | 16 days | |
| Spring | Severe | 35 cfs | 100 cfs | Trigger: 1,800 cfs | Trigger: 4,800 cfs Volume: | |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 100 cfs | Volume: - 8,500 af | | Trigger: |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 150 cfs | Duration: D | 23,200 af Duration: | |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 190 cfs | | 13 days | 9,100 cfs Volume: |
| Summer | Severe | 3 cfs | 67 cfs | | Trigger: | 46,100 af Duration: |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 67 cfs | N/A | 560 cfs Volume: | 18 days |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 92 cfs | | 2,600 af Duration: 9 | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 130 cfs | | days | |
| Fall | Severe | 20 cfs | 87 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: 1,400 cfs | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 87 cfs | Volume: 1,600 af Duration: 8 days | Volume: 6,300 af Duration: 11 days | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 120 cfs | | | |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 190 cfs | | | |

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(10) Pedernales River near Johnson City, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08153500, and more specifically described as Latitude 30 degrees, 17 minutes, 30 seconds; Longitude 98 degrees, 23 minutes, 57 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08153500, Pedernales River near Johnson City

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|------|---|---|-----------------|
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|------|---|---|-----------------|

| Winter | Severe | 7 cfs | 23 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |
|--------|---------|-------|---------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 23 cfs | 270 cfs Volume: | 860 cfs Volume: | |
| Winter | Average | N/A | 45 cfs | 1,300 af Duration: | 4,700 af Duration: | |
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 80 cfs | 9 days | 15 days | |
| Spring | Severe | 4 cfs | 29 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: 3,700 cfs | |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 29 cfs | Volume: | Volume: | |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 60 cfs | 6,300 af Duration: 8 days | 14,400 af Duration: 10 days | Trigger: 6,980 cfs Volume: |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 110 cfs | | | |
| Summer | Severe | 1 cfs | 16 cfs | | Trigger: 290 cfs Volume: 1,100 af Duration: 7 days | 28,320 af Duration: |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 16 cfs | N/A | | 15 days |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 29 cfs | | | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 49 cfs | | | |
| Fall | Severe | 1 cfs | 16 cfs | Trigger: 160 cfs | Trigger: 860 cfs | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 16 cfs | Volume: | Volume: 3,000 af | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 29 cfs | 620 af Duration: 6 days | Duration: 8 | |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 49 cfs | | days | |

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(11) Onion Creek near Driftwood, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08158700, and more specifically described as Latitude 30 degrees, 04 minutes, 58 seconds; Longitude 98 degrees, 00 minutes, 27 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08158700, Onion Creek near Driftwood

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|-------|---|---|-----------------------|
| Winter | Severe | 1 cfs | 2 cfs | N/A | Trigger: 170 | Trigger: 1,200 cfs |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 2 cfs | 1N/ A | Volume: | Volume: |

| Winter | Average | N/A | 6 cfs | | 1,900 af Duration: | 8,700 af Duration: |
|--------|---------|-------|--------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 26 cfs | | 20 days | 34 days |
| Spring | Severe | 1 cfs | 4 cfs | Trigger: 200 cfs | Trigger: 620 cfs | |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 4 cfs | Volume: 1,100 af | Volume: 3,700 af | |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 12 cfs | Duration: 11 | Duration: | |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 34 cfs | days | 19 days | |
| Summer | Severe | 1 cfs | 1 cfs | | | |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 1 cfs | N/A | N/A | |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 3 cfs | | | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 7 cfs | | | |
| Fall | Severe | 1 cfs | 1 cfs | Trigger: - 18 cfs | Trigger: 120 cfs | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 1 cfs | Volume: | Volume: | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 3 cfs | - 70 af Duration: - 5 days | 560 af Duration: 11 days | |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 7 cfs | | | |

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(12) Colorado River at Bastrop, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08159200, and more specifically described as Latitude 30 degrees, 06 minutes, 16 seconds; Longitude 97 degrees, 19 minutes, 09 seconds.

(A) United States Geological Survey Gage 08159200, Colorado River at Bastrop.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08159200, Colorado River at Bastrop

| Season | Month | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) |
|--------|----------|-------------------------|-------------|---------|--|
| | December | Severe | 186 cfs | 311 cfs | Magnitude: |
| Winter | December | Dry | N/A | 311 cfs | 3,000 cfs Duration: 4 |
| | December | Average | N/A | 450 cfs | days |

| | January | Severe | 208 cfs | 313 cfs | | |
|---------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|-------------------------|--|
| | January | Dry | N/A | 313 cfs | | |
| | January | Average | N/A | 433 cfs | | |
| | February | Severe | 274 | 317 cfs | | |
| | February | Dry | N/A | 317 cfs | | |
| | February | Average | N/A | 497 cfs | | |
| | March | Severe | 274 cfs | 274 cfs | | |
| | March | Dry | N/A | 274 cfs | | |
| | March | Average | N/A | 497 cfs | | |
| | April | Severe | 184 cfs | 287 cfs | | |
| | April | Dry | N/A | 287 cfs | Magnituda | |
| Contrac | April | Average | N/A | 635 cfs | Magnitude: 3,000 cfs | |
| Spring | May | Severe | 275 cfs | 579 cfs | Duration: | |
| | May | Dry | N/A | 579 cfs | 4 days | |
| | May | Average | N/A | 824 cfs | | |
| | June | Severe | 202 cfs | 418 cfs | | |
| | June | Dry | N/A | 418 cfs | | |
| | June | Average | N/A | 733 cfs | | |
| | July | Severe | 137 cfs | 347 cfs | | |
| | July | Dry | N/A | 347 cfs | Magnitude: | |
| Summer | July | Average | N/A | 610 cfs | 3,000 cfs | |
| Summer | August | Severe | 123 cfs | 194 cfs | Duration: | |
| | August | Dry | N/A | 194 cfs | 4 days | |
| | August | Average | N/A | 381 cfs | | |
| | September | Severe | 123 cfs | 236 cfs | | |
| | September | Dry | N/A | 236 cfs | | |
| | September | Average | N/A | 423 cfs | | |
| | October | Severe | 127 cfs | 245 cfs | Magnitude: | |
| Fall | October | Dry | N/A | 245 cfs | 3,000 cfs Duration: | |
| | October | Average | N/A | 433 cfs | 4 days | |
| | November | Severe | 180 cfs | 283 cfs | | |
| | November | Dry | N/A | 283 cfs | | |
| | November | Average | N/A | 424 cfs | | |

cfs = cubic feet per second N/A = not applicable $\hbox{ (B) United States Geological Survey Gage 08159200, Colorado} \\ River at Bastrop.$

United States Geological Survey Gage 08159200, Colorado River at Bastrop

| Pulse | Pulse | Pulse |
|--------------------|-----------|----------|
| Frequency | Magnitude | Duration |
| 1 per 18 months | 8,000 cfs | 2 days |

cfs = cubic feet per second

(13) Colorado River at Columbus, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08161000, and more specifically described as Latitude 29 degrees, 42 minutes, 22 seconds; Longitude 96 degrees, 32 minutes, 12 seconds.

(A) United States Geological Survey Gage 08161000, Colorado River at Columbus.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08161000, Colorado River at Columbus

| Season | Month | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | |
|--------|----------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|--|--|
| | December | Severe | 301 cfs | 464 cfs | | |
| | December | Dry | N/A | 464 cfs | | |
| | December | Average | N/A | 737 cfs | | |
| | January | Severe | 340 cfs | 487 cfs | Magnitude: | |
| Winter | January | Dry | N/A | 487 cfs | 3,000 cfs Duration: 4 days | |
| | January | Average | N/A | 828 cfs | | |
| | February | Severe | 375 | 590 cfs | | |
| | February | Dry | N/A | 590 cfs | | |
| | February | Average | N/A | 895 cfs | | |
| | March | Severe | 375 cfs | 525 cfs | | |
| | March | Dry | N/A | 525 cfs | Magnitude: | |
| Spring | March | Average | N/A | 1,020 cfs | 3,000 cfs Duration: | |
| | April | Severe | 299 cfs | 554 cfs | 4 days | |
| | April | Dry | N/A | 554 cfs | | |

| | April | Average | N/A | 977 cfs | |
|--------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|------------------------|
| | May | Severe | 425 cfs | 966 cfs | |
| | May | Dry | N/A | 966 cfs | |
| | May | Average | N/A | 1,316 cfs | |
| | June | Severe | 534 cfs | 967 cfs | |
| | June | Dry | N/A | 967 cfs | |
| | June | Average | N/A | 1,440 cfs | |
| | July | Severe | 342 cfs | 570 cfs | |
| | July | Dry | N/A | 570 cfs | Magnituda |
| Summer | July | Average | N/A | 895 cfs | Magnitude: 3,000 cfs |
| Summer | August | Severe | 190 cfs | 310 cfs | Duration: |
| | August | Dry | N/A | 310 cfs | 4 days |
| | August | Average | N/A | 516 cfs | |
| | September | Severe | 279 cfs | 405 cfs | |
| | September | Dry | N/A | 405 cfs | |
| | September | Average | N/A | 610 cfs | |
| | October | Severe | 190 cfs | 356 cfs | Magnitude: |
| Fall | October | Dry | N/A | 356 cfs | 3,000 cfs Duration: |
| | October | Average | N/A | 741 cfs | 4 days |
| | November | Severe | 202 cfs | 480 cfs | |
| | November | Dry | N/A | 480 cfs |] |
| | November | Average | N/A | 755 cfs | |

N/A = not applicable

 $\hbox{ (B) United States Geological Survey Gage~08161000, Colorado} \\ River at Columbus.$

United States Geological Survey Gage 08161000, Colorado River at Columbus

| Pulse Frequency | Pulse Magnitude | Pulse Duration |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1 per 18 months | 8,000 cfs | 2 days |
| 1 per 2 years | 27,000 cfs | 2 days |

cfs = cubic feet per second

(14) Colorado River at Wharton, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08162000, and more specifically described as Latitude 29 degrees, 18 minutes, 32 seconds; Longitude 96 degrees, 06 minutes, 13 seconds.

 $\hbox{(A) United States Geological Survey Gage 08162000, Colorado} \\ River at Wharton.$

United States Geological Survey Gage 08162000, Colorado River at Wharton

| Season | Month | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | |
|--------|----------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|--|--|
| | December | Severe | 202 cfs | 470 cfs | | |
| | December | Dry | N/A | 470 cfs | | |
| | December | Average | N/A | 746 cfs | | |
| | January | Severe | 315 cfs | 492 cfs | Magnitude: | |
| Winter | January | Dry | N/A | 492 cfs | 3,000 cfs Duration: 4 | |
| | January | Average | N/A | 838 cfs | days | |
| | February | Severe | 303 | 597 cfs | | |
| | February | Dry | N/A | 597 cfs | | |
| | February | Average | N/A | 906 cfs | | |
| | March | Severe | 204 cfs | 531 cfs | | |
| | March | Dry | N/A | 531 cfs | | |
| | March | Average | N/A | 1,036 cfs |] | |
| | April | Severe | 270 cfs | 561 cfs | | |
| | April | Dry | N/A | 561 cfs |] No. 1. 1. | |
| C | April | Average | N/A | 1,011 cfs | Magnitude: 3,000 cfs | |
| Spring | May | Severe | 304 cfs | 985 cfs | Duration: | |
| | May | Dry | N/A | 985 cfs | 4 days | |
| | May | Average | N/A | 1,397 cfs | | |
| | June | Severe | 371 cfs | 984 cfs | | |
| | June | Dry | N/A | 984 cfs | | |
| | June | Average | N/A | 1,512 cfs | | |
| | July | Severe | 212 cfs | 577 cfs | Manutal | |
| C | July | Dry | N/A | 577 cfs | Magnitude: 3,000 cfs | |
| Summer | July | Average | N/A | 906 cfs | Duration: | |
| | August | Severe | 107 cfs | 314 cfs | 4 days | |

| | August | Dry | N/A | 314 cfs | |
|------|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|------------------------|
| | August | Average | N/A | 522 cfs | |
| | September | Severe | 188 cfs | 410 cfs | |
| | September | Dry | N/A | 410 cfs | |
| | September October | Average | N/A | 617 cfs | Magnitude: |
| | | Severe | 147 cfs | 360 cfs | |
| Fall | October | Dry | N/A | 360 cfs | 3,000 cfs Duration: |
| | October | Average | N/A | 749 cfs | 4 days |
| | November | Severe | 173 cfs | 486 cfs | |
| | November | Dry | N/A | 486 cfs | |
| | November | Average | N/A | 764 cfs | |

N/A = not applicable

 $\hbox{ (B) United States Geological Survey Gage 08162000, Colorado} \\ River at Wharton.$

United States Geological Survey Gage 08162000, Colorado River at Wharton

| Pulse Frequency | Pulse Magnitude | Pulse Duration |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1 per 18 months | 8,000 cfs | 2 days |
| 1 per 2 years | 27,000 cfs | 2 days |

cfs = cubic feet per second

(15) Lavaca River near Edna, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08164000, and more specifically described as Latitude 28 degrees, 57 minutes, 35 seconds; Longitude 96 degrees, 41 minutes, 10 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08164000, Lavaca River near Edna

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|--------|---|---|-----------------|
| Winter | Severe | 8.5 cfs | 30 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | Trigger: |

| Winter | Dry | N/A | 30 cfs | 2,000 cfs Volume: | 4,500 cfs Volume: | 4,500 cfs Volume: |
|--------|---------|---------|--------|-------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Winter | Average | N/A | 55 cfs | 8,000 af Duration: 6 | 18,400 af Duration: 7 | 18,400 af Duration: |
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 94 cfs | days | days | 7 days |
| Spring | Severe | 10 cfs | 30 cfs | Trigger: 4,500 cfs | Trigger: 4,500 cfs | |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 30 cfs | Volume: 18,400 af | Volume: 18,400 af | |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 55 cfs | Duration: 7 | Duration: 7 | |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 94 cfs | days | days | |
| Summer | Severe | 1.3 cfs | 20 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 20 cfs | 88 cfs Volume: 370 | 420 cfs Volume: 1,800 af Duration: | |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 48 cfs | af Duration: | | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 33 cfs | 4 days | 6 days | |
| Fall | Severe | 1.2 cfs | 20 cfs | Trigger: 1,600 cfs | Trigger: 4,500 cfs | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 20 cfs | Volume: | Volume: | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 33 cfs | 6,100 af Duration: | 18,000 af Duration: 6 days | |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 58 cfs | 5 days | | |

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(16) Navidad River at Strane Park near Edna, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08164390, and more specifically described as Latitude 29 degrees, 03 minutes, 55 seconds; Longitude 96 degrees, 40 minutes, 26 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08164390, Navidad River at Strane Park near Edna

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|--------|---|---|-----------------------|
| Winter | Severe | 1 cfs | 14 cfs | Trigger: 2,000 cfs | Trigger: 2,500 cfs | Trigger: 2,500 cfs |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 14 cfs | Volume: | Volume: | Volume: |

| Winter | Average | N/A | 35 cfs | 9,000 af Duration: | 11,250 af Duration: | 11,250 af Duration: |
|--------|---------|---------|--------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 71 cfs | 6 days | 7 days | 7 days |
| Spring | Severe | 2.8 cfs | 18 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: 2,500 cfs | |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 18 cfs | Volume: - 11,250 af | Volume: 11,250 af | |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 35 cfs | Duration: | Duration: | |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 71 cfs | 7 days | 7 days | |
| Summer | Severe | 1.2 cfs | 24 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 24 cfs | 200 cfs Volume: | 610 cfs Volume: | |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 47 cfs | 1,000 af Duration: | 3,400 af Duration: | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 84 cfs | 5 days | 6 days | |
| Fall | Severe | 2.2 cfs | 17 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 17 cfs | Volume: | 2,500 cfs Volume: | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 35 cfs | 8,700 af Duration: | 11,250 af Duration: | |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 71 cfs | 6 days | 7 days | |

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(17) Sandy Creek near Ganado, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08164450, and more specifically described as Latitude 29 degrees, 09 minutes, 36 seconds; Longitude 96 degrees, 32 minutes, 46 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08164450, Sandy Creek near Ganado

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|--------|---|---|------------------------|
| Winter | Severe | 1 cfs | 5 cfs | Trigger: 800 | Trigger: 1,800 cfs | Trigger: 2,200 cfs |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 5 cfs | Volume: | Volume: | Volume: |
| Winter | Average | N/A | 14 cfs | 4,000 af Duration: | 10,000 af Duration: | 12,200 af Duration: |

| Winter | Wet | N/A | 30 cfs | 6 days | 8 days | 10 days |
|--------|---------|-------|--------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| Spring | Severe | 1 cfs | 5 cfs | Trigger: 1,400 cfs | Trigger: 2,200 cfs | |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 5 cfs | Volume: 7,300 af | Volume: 12,200 af | |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 14 cfs | Duration: | Duration: | |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 30 cfs | 6 days | 10 days | |
| Summer | Severe | 1 cfs | 9 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 9 cfs | 91 cfs Volume: 500 | 260 cfs Volume: | |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 21 cfs | af Duration: | 1,600 af Duration: | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 39 cfs | 4 days | 7 days | |
| Fall | Severe | 1 cfs | 9 cfs | Trigger: 630 cfs | Trigger: 1,800 cfs | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 9 cfs | Volume: 3,100 af | Volume: 9,200 af | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 21 cfs | Duration: | Duration: 7 | |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 39 cfs | 6 days | days | |

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(18) East Mustang Creek near Louise, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08164504, and more specifically described as Latitude 29 degrees, 04 minutes, 14 seconds; Longitude 96 degrees, 25 minutes, 01 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08164504, East Mustang Creek near Louise

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|-------|---|---|----------------------|
| Winter | Severe | 1 cfs | 1 cfs | Trigger: 150 | Trigger: 340 cfs | Trigger: |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 1 cfs | cfs Volume: 680 | Volume: 1,700 af | 1,000 cfs Volume: |
| Winter | Average | N/A | 2 cfs | af Duration: | Duration: 8 days | 6,000 af |
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 6 cfs | 5 days | | Duration: 10 days |
| Spring | Severe | 1 cfs | 1 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |

| Spring | Dry | N/A | 1 cfs | 280 cfs Volume: | 550 cfs Volume: | |
|--------|---------|-------|-------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Spring | Average | N/A | 3 cfs | 1,400 af Duration: | 3,000 af Duration: | |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 6 cfs | 7 days | 9 days | |
| Summer | Severe | 1 cfs | 2 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 2 cfs | 20 cfs Volume: 100 | 60 cfs Volume: | |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 5 cfs | af Duration: | 310 af Duration: | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 8 cfs | 5 days | 6 days | |
| Fall | Severe | 1 cfs | 1 cfs | Trigger: 150 cfs | Trigger: 430 cfs | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 1 cfs | Volume: | Volume: | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 3 cfs | Duration: | 2,100 af Duration: 7 | |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 8 cfs | 6 days | days | |

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(19) West Mustang Creek near Ganado, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08164503, and more specifically described as Latitude 29 degrees, 04 minutes, 18.69 seconds; Longitude 96 degrees, 28 minutes, 04.90 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08164503, West Mustang Creek near Ganado

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|--------|---|---|-----------------------|
| Winter | Severe | 1 cfs | 4 cfs | Trigger: 470 | Trigger: 1,000 cfs | |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 4 cfs | cfs Volume: | Volume: 5,600 af Duration: 8 days | Trigger: 1,000 cfs |
| Winter | Average | N/A | 9 cfs | 2,400 af Duration: | | Volume: 5,600 af |
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 20 cfs | 6 days | | Duration: |
| Spring | Severe | 1 cfs | 5 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | 8 days |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 5 cfs | 810 cfs Volume: | 1,000 cfs Volume: | |

| Spring | Average | N/A | 11 cfs | 4,400 af Duration: | 5,600 af Duration: |
|--------|---------|-------|--------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 20 cfs | 6 days | 8 days |
| Summer | Severe | 1 cfs | 10 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 10 cfs | 75 cfs Volume: 420 | 190 cfs Volume: |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 18 cfs | af Duration: | 1,200 af Duration: |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 32 cfs | 4 days | 6 days |
| Fall | Severe | 1 cfs | 6 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: 1,000 cfs |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 6 cfs | Volume: - 2,200 af | Volume: 5,600 af |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 14 cfs | Duration: | Duration: 8 |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 26 cfs | 6 days | days |

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(20) Garcitas Creek near Inez, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08164600, and more specifically described as Latitude 28 degrees, 53 minutes, 28 seconds; Longitude 96 degrees, 49 minutes, 08 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08164600, Garcitas Creek near Inez

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|-------|---|--|----------------------|
| Winter | Severe | 1 cfs | 2 cfs | Trigger: 110 cfs Volume: 520 | Trigger: 380 cfs Volume: 1,500 af Duration: 10 days | |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 2 cfs | | | Trigger: |
| Winter | Average | N/A | 4 cfs | af Duration: | | 380 cfs Volume: |
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 7 cfs | 8 days | | 1,500 af |
| Spring | Severe | 1 cfs | 2 cfs | Trigger: | | Duration: 10 days |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 2 cfs | - 380 cfs Volume: - 1,500 af Duration: | | |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 4 cfs | | | |

| Spring | Wet | N/A | 7 cfs | 10 days | 10 days | |
|--------|---------|-------|-------|-----------------------|---------------------|--|
| Summer | Severe | 1 cfs | 1 cfs | Trigger: Trigger: | Trigger: | |
| Summer | Dry | N/A | 1 cfs | 8 cfs Volume: | 36 cfs Volume: | |
| Summer | Average | N/A | 2 cfs | 28 af Duration: | 150 af Duration: | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 3 cfs | 4 days | 8 days | |
| Fall | Severe | 1 cfs | 1 cfs | Trigger: - 110 cfs | Trigger: 380 cfs | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 1 cfs | Volume: 420 af | Volume: 1,500 af | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 2 cfs | Duration: | Duration: | |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 5 cfs | 8 days | 10 days | |

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

(21) Tres Palacios River near Midfield, Texas, generally described as USGS gage 08162600, and more specifically described as Latitude 28 degrees, 55 minutes, 40 seconds; Longitude 96 degrees, 10 minutes, 15 seconds.

United States Geological Survey Gage 08162600, Tres Palacios River near Midfield

| Season | Hydrologic Condition | Subsistence | Base | Small Seasonal Pulse (2 per season) | Large Seasonal Pulse (1 per season) | Annual Pulse |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------|--------|--|---|----------------------------------|
| Winter | Severe | 2 cfs | 9 cfs | Trigger: 1,300 cfs Volume: 4,900 af Duration: | | |
| Winter | Dry | N/A | 9 cfs | | Volume: | |
| Winter | Average | N/A | 13 cfs | 2,500 af Duration: | of 4,900 at | Trigger: 2,000 cfs Volume: |
| Winter | Wet | N/A | 18 cfs | 6 days | | |
| Spring | Severe | 2.5 cfs | 9 cfs | Trigger: 1,200 cfs | Trigger: | 9,000 af Duration: |
| Spring | Dry | N/A | 9 cfs | Volume: | 1,900 cfs Volume: | 8 days |
| Spring | Average | N/A | 13 cfs | - 4,400 af Duration: 7,100 af Duration: 6 days | Duration: | |
| Spring | Wet | N/A | 22 cfs | | | |
| Summer | Severe | 1 cfs | 7 cfs | Trigger: | Trigger: | |

| Summer | Dry | N/A | 7 cfs | 75 cfs Volume: | 280 cfs Volume: | |
|--------|---------|-------|--------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Summer | Average | N/A | 13 cfs | 360 af Duration: | 1,300 af Duration: | |
| Summer | Wet | N/A | 22 cfs | 5 days | 6 days | |
| Fall | Severe | 1 cfs | 7 cfs | Trigger: 800 cfs | Trigger: 1,900 cfs | |
| Fall | Dry | N/A | 7 cfs | Volume: | Volume: | |
| Fall | Average | N/A | 13 cfs | Duration: | 7,700 af Duration: 7 | |
| Fall | Wet | N/A | 18 cfs | 6 days | days | |

af = acre-feet

N/A = not applicable

Adopted August 8, 2012

Effective August 30, 2012

§298.335. Water Right Permit Conditions.

- (a) For water right permits with an authorization to store or divert water from the Colorado River above Lake Travis, tributaries of the Colorado River, the Lavaca River Basin, and the Colorado-Lavaca and Lavaca-Guadalupe Coastal Basins, except for water right permits located below Lake Travis on the Colorado River, and to which the environmental flow standards apply, that are issued after the effective date of this subchapter, the water right permit or amendment shall contain flow restriction special conditions that are adequate to protect the environmental flow standards of this subchapter.
- (b) For water right permits with an authorization to divert at a rate greater than 500 cubic feet per second (cfs) or to store more than 2,500 acre-feet in an on-channel reservoir, on the Colorado River below Lake Travis, and to which the environmental flow standards apply, that are issued after the effective date of this subchapter, the water right permit or amendment shall contain flow restriction special conditions that are adequate to protect all pulse flow requirements up to the one year pulse flow requirement except as specified in subsections (c) and (d) of this section.
- (c) For water right permits with an authorization to divert at a rate greater than 800 cfs or to store more than 2,500 acre-feet in an on-channel reservoir, on the Colorado River below Lake Travis, and to which the environmental flow standards apply, that are issued after the effective date of this subchapter, the water right permit or amendment shall contain flow restriction special conditions that are adequate to prevent impairment of the one per 18-month pulse flow requirement. Impairment of the one per 18 month pulse flow requirement would occur if the permit, in combination with other

permits subject to this subchapter, that are issued after the effective date of this subchapter, would reduce the frequency of occurrence or the average volume of the one per 18-month pulse by more than 10% based on the period of record of the water availability model in effect at the time the first permit subject to this subchapter is considered.

- (d) For water right permits with an authorization to divert at a rate greater than 2,700 cfs or to store more than 2,500 acre-feet in an on-channel reservoir, on the Colorado River below Lake Travis, and to which the environmental flow standards apply, that are issued after the effective date of this subchapter, the water right permit or amendment shall contain flow restriction special conditions that are adequate to protect the one per two-year pulse flow requirement.
- (e) For water right permits with an authorization to divert at a rate less than 500 cfs or to store less than 2,500 acre-feet in an on-channel reservoir, on the Colorado River below Lake Travis, and to which the environmental flow standards apply, that are issued after the effective date of this subchapter, the water right permit or amendment shall contain flow restriction special conditions that are adequate to protect the environmental flow standards of this subchapter; however, no special conditions are necessary to preserve or pass high flow pulses.

Adopted August 8, 2012

Effective August 30, 2012

§298.340. Schedule for Revision of Standards.

The environmental flow standards or environmental flow set-asides adopted in this subchapter for the Colorado and Lavaca River Basins, the Colorado-Lavaca and Lavaca-Guadalupe Coastal Basins, and Matagorda and Lavaca Bays may be revised by the commission through the rulemaking process. The final revised rules shall be effective no sooner than ten years from the effective date of this rule, unless the Colorado and Lavaca Basin and Bay Area Stakeholder Committee submits a work plan approved by the Environmental Flows Advisory Group under Texas Water Code, §11.02362(p), that provides for a periodic review to occur more frequently. The rulemaking process shall include participation by a balanced representation of stakeholders having interests in the Colorado and Lavaca River Basins, the Colorado-Lavaca and Lavaca-Guadalupe Coastal Basins, and Matagorda and Lavaca Bays.

Adopted August 8, 2012

Effective August 30, 2012